# Rules Of Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles Division of Motor Vehicles Chapter 15C-1 General

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15C-1.0101 Definitions.

For the purpose of Rules 15C-1.0102, 15C-1.0103, 15C-1.01031, 15C-1.0104, 15C-1.0105, 15C-1.0106, 15C-1.0107, 15C-1.0108 and 15C-1.0109, the following words have the meaning indicated:

(1) "Department" means the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

(2) "Dealer Installer" means any licensed mobile/manufactured home dealer who is authorized by the department to install mobile/manufactured homes.

(3) "Licensed Installer" means any person, other than direct employees of licensed dealers or manufacturers, who engages in mobile home installation and has obtained a license to do so from the department.

(4) "Manufacturer Installer" means any licensed mobile/manufactured home manufacturer who is authorized by the department to install mobile/manufactured homes.

(5) "Exposure D" means flat, unobstructed areas exposed to wind flowing over large bodies of water. This exposure shall apply only to those buildings and other structures exposed to the wind coming from over the water. Exposure "D" extends inland from the shoreline a distance of 1500 feet or 10 times the height of the building or structure, whichever is greater.

(6) "Frame Tie or Tie Down" means any device or method approved by the department and used for the purpose of securing the mobile/manufactured home or park trailer to ground anchors in order to resist wind forces.

(7) "Ground Anchor" means any device approved by the department and used for the purpose of securing a mobile/manufactured home or park trailer to the ground in order to resist

wind forces. Ground anchors are rated by working load, which is the maximum load for design purposes. The ultimate load is the working or design load multiplied by the safety factor of 1.5.

(8) "Mobile/Manufactured Home" means a structure, transportable in one (1) or more sections, which is eight body feet (8') or more in width, greater than four hundred (400) square feet and which is built on an integral chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling when connected to the required utilities and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning and electrical systems contained herein.

(9) "Over-Roof Tie" means any device approved by the mobile/manufactured home manufacturer or listed by the department and used for the purpose of securing the mobile/manufactured home systems to ground anchors in order to resist wind forces. Ties may be installed over or under roof material.

(10) "Park Trailer" means a transportable unit which has a body width not exceeding fourteen feet (14') and which is built on a single chassis and is designed to provide seasonal or temporary living quarters when connected to utilities necessary for operation of installed fixtures and appliances.

(11) "Set-Up" means the operations performed by a licensed installer, dealer installer or manufacturer installer, at the occupancy site which render a mobile/manufactured home or park trailer fit for habitation. Such operations include, but are not limited to, transporting, positioning, blocking, leveling, supporting, tying down, making minor adjustments, assembling multiple or expandable units and connecting utility systems as defined in Rule 15C-2.0072.

(12) "Stabilizer Device" means a device approved by the department that is installed with the ground anchor to resist lateral movement of the mobile/manufactured home and anchor.

(13) "Vertical Tie" means any device or method approved by the department and used for the purpose of securing the mobile/manufactured home or park trailer to ground anchors in order to resist vertical or uplift forces caused by the wind.

(14) "Longitudinal Tie Downs" means anchor system or longitudinal stabilizing devices (system), designed to resist horizontal wind loads in the long direction of the home (i.e.: wind load applied to each end of the home).

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8249, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.01(1)(b) 7, 320.01(2), 320.822(12), 320.8249, F.S. History - New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0102 Installation Standards for Mobile/Manufactured Homes and Park Trailers. The standards set forth herein are requirements for all mobile/manufactured home and park trailer installations, unless otherwise specified in this rule. All installations of mobile/manufactured homes shall be performed by either a licensed installer, dealer installer or manufacturer installer.

(1) Installation standards for the set-up of new or used manufactured homes and park trailers shall be in compliance with the manufacturer's installation instructions unless otherwise specified in this rule. In the absence of the manufacturer's installation instructions, used mobile/manufactured homes and park trailers shall comply with the provisions of this rule. The park trailer manufacturer shall make built-in provisions for a minimum of three (3) vertical tie-down straps and three (3) frame tie-down straps on each side of the unit. All used park trailers shall have at least three (3) vertical and three (3) frame tie-down straps installed. Exception: The center vertical tie-down strap on used units may be exempt when it is structurally prohibitive to install.

(2) All anchors, piers and tie-down components used in the installation of a mobile/manufactured home or park trailer shall be tested, listed and approved by the Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction. If tests are conducted out of the State of Florida, the anchor or component manufacturer shall pay the expenses (per diem and travel) incurred by this out-of-state travel. Installation of such anchors, piers and tie-down components shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions used during the testing procedure.

(3) Site Preparation: The under-home grade (ground) shall be cleaned of all vegetation and organic material; i.e., stumps, roots, etc., except grass not exceeding three inches (3") in height. The area beneath and around the home shall be graded, sloped for proper drainage so that water will not accumulate under the home. All grass and organic material shall be removed and the pier foundation placed on stable soil or compacted fill. When the soil compaction or soil bearing capacity is not known, assume one thousand (1,000) psf or consult with the local building authority. Soil shall be removed from an area of at least 16" x 16" to a depth equal to the height of the pier base. Exception: When being installed on fresh, clean, compacted fill the pier base may be placed on top of the soil. The bottom of the footer(s) shall be placed on stable soil. The pier foundation shall be a minimum of 4" x 16" x 16" solid concrete pad, precast or poured eight inch (8") minimum in place, or other material approved and listed by the department. Where the manufacturer's specifications have additional requirements than the above, the more stringent shall apply.

(4) Auger Anchors: All mobile/manufactured homes and park trailers shall be anchored with approved auger anchors, which shall be coated with hot-dipped zinc galvanizing (ASTM Standard #123-89A, which is hereby incorporated by reference); .60 ounces per square foot.

Auger anchors shall be installed to the manufacturers installation instructions with special emphasis on soil classification and placed in undisturbed or compacted soil. Piers are to be installed off center of the anchors so as not to interfere with the proper alignment of the strapping. Anchors may be installed in predrilled holes provided the anchor penetrates a minimum of two feet (2') into undisturbed soil beyond the predrilled hole. When the anchor manufacturer's installation instructions permit, the hole is then backfilled with soil compacted in layers not exceeding six inches (6"). For manufactured homes produced after July 13, 1994, refer to the manufacturer's set-up manual for the working load requirements for anchors at the different tie points on the manufactured home. For used manufactured homes manufactured after July 13, 1994, and the manufacturer's set-up manual is not available, all anchor points at side walls, shear walls, end walls, center line and other points as identified by the manufacturer, shall be certified for a working load of four thousand (4,000) pounds, with an ultimate load of six thousand (6,000) pounds. Anchors are required one at each end of shear walls; one on each end of each I-beam; one frame tie at each vertical tie point; one on each end of each marriage wall (center line); and on each ridge beam support post. Note: Coral anchors are not designed to meet Zone II and Zone III wind requirements.

(5) Stabilizing Devices: All ground anchors shall have approved stabilizing devices approved by the department, each of which shall have a minimum surface area of 180 square inches and shall be coated with hot-dipped zinc galvanizing (ASTM Standard 123-89A, which is hereby incorporated by reference); .60 ounces per square foot or zinc coated to ASTM (A 929/A 929M-96, which is hereby incorporated by reference). The stabilizing device shall be installed with the top of the stabilizing device installed flush with the soil to prevent the anchor from

deflecting. Exception: Stabilizer devices are not required at center line or marriage wall locations unless required by the manufacturer's set-up manual.

(6) Foundations, piers or other load bearing supports or devices shall be installed and constructed to evenly distribute the load. Steel piers with mechanical adjustments shall be securely attached to the frame of all mobile/manufactured homes or park trailers. (See Figure C in Rule 15C-1.0103) Manufactured load-bearing supports or devices shall be listed and approved for the use in which it was applied or piers shall be constructed as outlined in this rule. Concrete products shall comply with the following specifications: Minimum dimensional and structural requirements for load-bearing solid and cell concrete blocks shall be to the Standard Specification for Load-Bearing Concrete Masonry Units, ASTM C-90, 1996 edition. Concrete foundations and cap blocks must have a minimum of two thousand two hundred (2,200) pound flexural strength as measured by Standard Test Method for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units, ASTM C140-96. Solid 4" concrete blocks are the minimum thickness of blocks that will meet this test. Poured concrete shall be a minimum of fcl = 2500 PSI. All plastic products shall be conditioned to ASTM D 618-61, reapproved 1990, Standard Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing. Plastics shall be tested to the following standards: ASTM D 790-92, Standard Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials; ASTM D 732-85, Standard Test Method for Shear Strength of Plastics by Punch Tool and ASTM G 53-88, Standard Practice for Operating Light and Water Exposure Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials. All of the above ASTM Standards in paragraph 6 are hereby incorporated by reference.

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2) F.S. History - New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0103 Foundations and Piers.

These guidelines shall be used when the installation of foundations and piers is not specified in the manufacturer's instructions or when the manufacturer's installation instructions are not available.

(1) Piers:

(a) Piers shall be centered under the I-beam and installed in accordance with Table A. The maximum spacing of piers shall be eight feet (8'). First pier shall be within two feet (2') of either end of the home. The pier foundation shall be a minimum of 4" x 16" x 16" solid concrete pad precast or poured eight inch (8") minimum in place or other material approved and listed by the department.

(b) Piers may be constructed of regular 8" x 8" x 16" concrete blocks, open cells (with open cells vertical), centered on the footing or foundation. A 2" x 8" x 16" pressure treated or other material approved and listed by the department, pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106, shall completely cover the top of the pier with pressure treated shims ( $\frac{1}{4}$ " minimum and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " maximum thickness x 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " minimum width x 6" minimum length) centered and driven tight from both sides of the I-beam between the wood plate or cap and the main frame. Single tiered block piers shall be installed perpendicular to the main I-beam. Exception: When a pier has been capped with at least a four inch (4") solid concrete block or other material approved and listed by the department, pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106, one-fourth inch ( $\frac{1}{4}$ ") of wood stock or wood shims or other material approved and listed by the department, pursuant to rules

15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106, shall be installed between the pier and steel I-beam. (See Figures A, B and D)

(c) Center Line and Perimeter Piers: Center line piers shall be located at each end of center line and eight feet (8') on center, except where openings of four feet (4') or greater occur, piers shall be located on each end of the opening within six inches (6") of jamb studs or ridge beam posts. (See Figures A, B, C and D) Any openings fifteen feet (15') or larger in the exterior sidewall and/or marriage wall shall require blocking at each end of the opening with three (3) 4" x 16" x 16" pads (See Figure D). Piers shall also be installed on each side of any perimeter door or fireplace. Bay windows or any opening forty-eight inches (48") or more shall require blocking at each end. Fourteen feet (14') or wider units with I-beam spread of less than eighty-two inches (82") and twelve feet (12') wide units with an I-beam spread of less than seventy-five and one-half inches (75½") shall have perimeter blocking installed at a minimum of eight foot (8') on center. Piers shall not be required under the clear (open) spans between ridge beam posts.

(d) All piers over thirty-six inches (36") and corner piers over twenty-four inches (24") in height shall be double tiered with blocks interlocked and capped with two (2) 4" x 8" x 16" solid concrete blocks side by side and perpendicular to the I-beam or other material approved and listed by the department pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106, and cushioned with wood shims or pressure treated plate. Pier height is measured from top of footer or foundation to top of cement block stack, including 4" cap block(s). (See Figures B and D)

(e) All piers over fifty-two inches (52") shall comply with local requirements.

(f) Metal and/or precast support piers shall be installed on a base or footer of a minimum size of 4" x 16" x 16" solid concrete or other material approved and listed by the department.(See Figure C)

(g) Metal and/or precast support piers shall be restricted to a maximum four inch (4") locking mechanical height adjustment and shall be restricted to a maximum height of not more than twenty-four inches (24") measured from the ground base or footer. This twenty-four inch (24") maximum shall not include the four inch (4") mechanical extension or adjustment. Exception: Center line or perimeter supports are permitted to exceed the twenty-four inch (24") maximum. (See Figure C)

(h) The minimum distance between the finished grade under all new and used mobile/manufactured homes and the bottom of the I-beam shall be eighteen inches (18"). Where the grade is sloped, twenty-five (25%) of the lowest member of the main frame may be set below eighteen inches (18"); however, under no circumstances may the bottom of the I-beam be set below twelve inches (12") from the finished grade.

(2) Foundations:

(a) Concrete pads or foundations shall be a minimum of two thousand five hundred(2,500) pounds per square inch (psi).

(b) Plastic pads or foundations shall be tested in the lower fifty percent (50%) of each soil class.

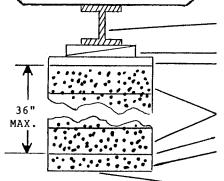
Table A:

PIER	<b>SPA</b>	CING	<b>TABLE</b>
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Footer Size Soil Load Bearing Capacity	16" x 16"	18 <sup>1</sup> /2'' x 18 <sup>1</sup> /2''	20'' x 20''	26'' x 26''
1000 psf	3'	4'	5'	8'
1500 psf	4'6''	6'	7'	
2000 psf	6'			
2500 psf	7'6''			
3000 psf				
3500 psf				

Shaded areas are at the maximum eight feet spacing.





#### **BLOCKING (Single Tiered)**

I-Beam (Frame)

Wood Shims or other material approved and listed by the department pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106 ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Maximum)

Cap-2" x 8" x 16" Pressure Treated Wood or other material approved and listed by the department

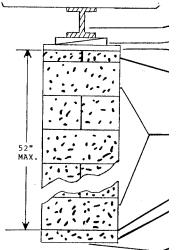
Celled Concrete Block

Ground Level

Footer or Pier Foundation 4" x 16" x 16" Solid (One Piece) or other material approved and listed by the department

Sod and Organic Material Removed

## **FIGURE B**



#### **BLOCKING (Double Tiered and Blocks Interlocked)**

I-Beam (Frame)

Wood Shims or other material approved and listed by the department pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106 (1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" Maximum)

(Option) Pressure Treated Plate (1" x 8" x 16" Minimum)

Cap - 4" x 16" x 16" Solid Block

 $2-2"\ x\ 8"\ x\ 16"$  Pressure Treated Wood or other material approved and listed by the department

(Option 2 – 4" x 8" x 16") Must be perpendicular to I-Beam

Celled Concrete Block

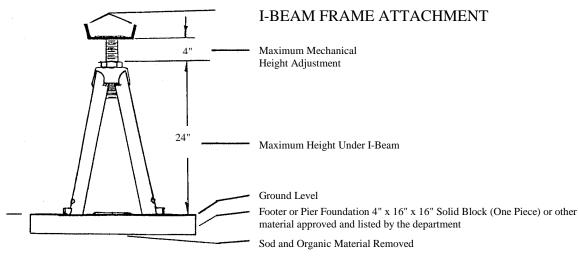
Ground Level

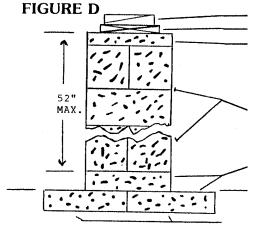
Footer or Pier Foundation

4" x 16" x 16" Solid Block (One Piece) or other material approved and listed by the department

Sod and Organic Material Removed







Wood Shims or other material approved and listed by the department pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0106 (11/2" Maximum)

2" x 8" x 16" Pressure Treated

Cap – 4" x 16" x 16" Solid Block 2-2" x 8" x 16" Pressure Treated Wood or other material approved and listed by the department (Option 2 – 4" x 8" x 16") Must be perpendicular to I-Beam

Celled Concrete Block

Footer or Pier Base 4" x 16" x 16" Solid Block or other material approved and listed by the department Ground Level

Footer or Pier Foundation 2 - 4" x 16" x 16" Solid Blocks Sod and Organic Material Removed Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History - New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.01031 Installation Standards for HUD Manufactured Homes and Park Trailers in Exposure "D" Areas.

All HUD manufactured homes and park trailers constructed after July 13, 1994, that are located in Exposure "D", Wind Zone II or Wind Zone III, shall have a data plate affixed in the home by the manufacturer as proof that the home meets the design standards. In flood prone areas the foundation shall comply with the requirements set forth in the manual, Manufactured Home Installation in Flood Hazard Areas, FEMA 85/September 1985, published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and hereby incorporated by reference. All installations of mobile/manufactured homes shall be performed by either a licensed installer, dealer installer or manufacturer installer.

(1) All new and used mobile/manufactured homes shall have support and anchoring at the locations specified in the manufacturer's installation manual for installation in Exposure "D".

(2) In absence of the original manufacturer's installation instructions, the anchoring system shall be designed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in the State of Florida, to comply with Manufactured Home Installation in Flood Hazard Areas, FEMA 85/September 1985, incorporated by reference above. The foundation and piers shall comply with the requirements in 15C-1.0102 and 15C-1.0103.

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.01(1)(b)7, 320.01(2)(b), 320.77(10), 320.8249, 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2)(b), F.S. History - New 10-02-95. Amended 10-01-96.

15C-1.0104 Installation Standards for Anchors and Tie-downs.

These specifications are standards set by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for new and used mobile/manufactured homes or park trailers.

(1) Anchors:

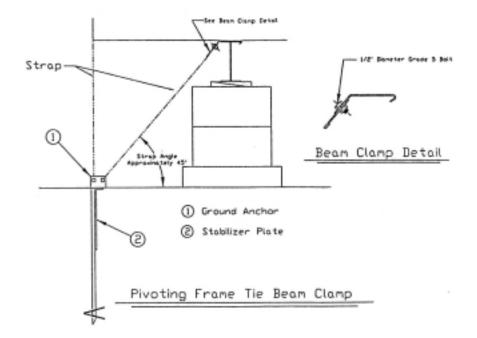
(a) Type I anchor holding power for homes manufactured before July 13, 1994, shall be tested to a working load of three thousand one hundred and fifty (3,150) pounds, with an ultimate load of four thousand seven hundred twenty-five (4,725) pounds.

(b) Type II anchor holding power for homes manufactured after July 13, 1994, shall be tested to a working load of four thousand (4,000) pounds, with an ultimate load of six thousand (6,000) pounds.

(2) Frame Ties:

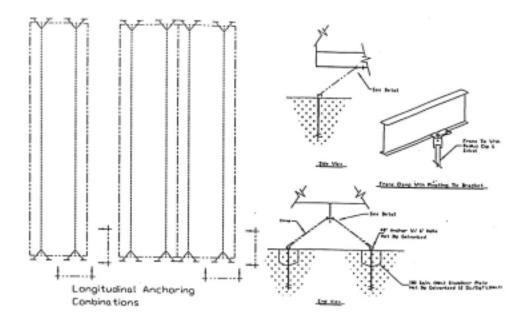
(a) All frame ties for new and used mobile/manufactured homes must have a factory fabricated strap connected at the top of the I-beam to an I-beam clamp approved by the department pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0107.

(b) Diagonal tie-downs for new and used mobile/manufactured homes, in all wind zones, shall be spaced no farther apart than five feet four inches (5'4") on center with anchors placed within two feet (2') of each end. Note: Where sidewall strap separation is greater, they must be tied individually. Each frame tie shall be installed to the component manufacturer's instructions. (Refer to below drawing)



(3) Longitudinal Tie-downs. All new and used mobile/manufactured homes, installed sixty (60) days after the effective date of this rule, must have longitudinal tie-downs or other approved longitudinal stabilizing systems meeting the specifications of rules 15C-1.0105, 15C-1.0107 and 15C-1.0108 and designed to resist horizontal wind loads in the long direction of the home (i.e.: wind load applied to each end of the home). The longitudinal tie-downs are in addition to the anchoring systems required along the exterior side walls and/or marriage walls of the mobile/manufactured home.

(a) When anchors and straps are used for stabilizing the home in the longitudinal direction the strap must connect to a clip welded onto the I-beam or other device connected mechanically. Unless factory installed, the connection device must be approved by the department pursuant to rules 15C-1.0105 and 15C-1.0107. At least four (4) anchors and straps are required (i.e., 16 per double-wide home) at the end of each section of the mobile/manufactured home.



(4) Marriage Wall/Centerline Ridge Beam Column Ties, Shear Wall Ties and FramesTies:

(a) Centerline ties are required for all new and used multiple section homes.

(b) Multiple section homes are to be secured at the centerline with straps to the specifications in the manufacturer's manual or at the locations designated on the home. In addition to centerline ties specified by the manufacturer, a centerline tie must be attached within two feet (2') of each end of each section of the mobile/manufactured home. Where necessary, an approved bracket shall be added by the installer.

(c) Centerline tie connections must be designed to swivel where attached to the mobile/manufactured home and must be connected to the mobile/manufactured home by means of grade #5 bolts with a minimum diameter of one-half inch ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ").

(d) As an alternate use with existing brackets or a manufacturer's welded device, the approved method for installing straps to sidewall and centerline brackets is to loop the strap using a crimp seal with two (2) crimps evenly spaced and protected by a radius clip or

manufactured bent/formed radius protective tab. Note: Bracket lacing or field threading shall not be used.

(5) Roof Ties:

(a) Homes manufactured after June 15, 1976, without over-the-roof ties, but designated "Hurricane Resistant" per the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards, section 3280.305(c)(2), as hereby incorporated by reference, shall not require roof ties. All manufactured homes manufactured after July 13, 1994, shall require vertical and frame tie points.

(b) Homes manufactured before July 13, 1994, where factory installed roof ties are not evident and it cannot be determined that the mobile/manufactured home is "Hurricane Resistant" without such ties, then the number of roof ties, as required by the table below, shall be installed so as to not contact with the structure, except at adequately reinforced areas, where additional load will not damage the structure.

1. Single-wide homes less than or equal to sixty feet (60') - three (3) roof ties.

2. Single-wide homes greater than or equal to sixty-one feet (61') - four (4) roof ties.

3. Double-wide homes - roof ties required only if installed by the manufacturer.

(c) All new park trailers manufactured after January 2, 1995, shall have at least three (3) factory installed vertical tie points in addition to the required frame ties.

(d) End roof ties or vertical ties shall be installed at not more than twenty-four inches (24") from the end of the structure or at the first stud and truss and attached to the same anchor as the frame tie. If the frame does not extend to the back end wall, then the roof tie shall be installed within six inches (6") of the end of the chassis.

(e) Intermediate roof ties or vertical ties shall then be located at midway or equally spaced between the end roof ties, as feasible.

(f) Double-wide homes manufactured before July 13, 1994, may not require roof ties, unless such ties are installed or provided by the manufacturer. However, additions or canopies may require such ties depending on the type of construction. All are subject to the same frame tie requirements as single-wide homes.

(g) Over-the-roof tie-down straps or tie points shall be connected to a ground anchor. If a strap has been damaged, cut off or removed, a replacement strap shall be installed or spliced using two (2) listed strap seals affixed to twelve inch (12") overlap of strap with two (2) crimps evenly spaced on the seal.

(h) Used homes designed and requiring over-the-roof tie-downs and having a permanent type structure adequate to provide structural rigidity and stability, meeting the design loads as required by the Standard Building Code, as hereby incorporated by reference, shall not be required to have over-the-roof ties in the area of the addition, but shall require one at each end.

(6) Center Line Fastening: Multiple section homes shall be mechanically fastened every twenty-four inches (24") at the bottom, end walls and roof. A minimum thirty (30) gauge, eight inches (8") wide, galvanized strip shall be centered over the peak and fastened with galvanized roofing nails at two inches (2") on center at both sides of center line.

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History - New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0105 Testing Specifications for Straps, Piers, Anchors and All Components.

(1) To secure approval of their products, manufacturers and/or producers shall have their products tested and certified by a registered engineer registered in the state of the product manufacturer or State of Florida. The engineer and testing laboratory shall be independent from the product manufacturer and the product manufacturer's affiliates. Testing shall be conducted

under the supervision of personnel of the Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction with the laboratory cost being paid by the anchor or component manufacturer or producer.

(2) Each different model or component shall be tested (three (3) consecutive tests without a failure) and certified to their required force with tests continuing on to total destruction or ten percent (10%) overload.

(3) In-laboratory tests shall be conducted with the used of a Baldwin Press, or equivalent.

(4) The testing laboratory shall supply a current copy (within 12 months) of proof of calibration of test equipment.

(5) Force required for test: Force shall be applied in increments of five hundred (500) pounds with five (5) seconds hold time between each five hundred (500) increment to the requirement and then increase force to total destruction or ten percent (10%) overload.

(6) Destruction test shall show the following:

(a) Point of failure.

(b) Method of testing.

(7) Each manufacturer or producer must submit to the State of Florida, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, Division of Motor Vehicles, Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction, the following data:

(a) Detailed drawings of each type product submitted for approval. Each drawing shall bear the seal of a registered engineer registered in the state of the product manufacturer or the State of Florida.

(b) Certified engineering drawings and specifications of each product includes:

1. Dimensions and specifications on all welds and fasteners.

2. Dimensions and specifications of all metal or material.

(c) Model number and location.

(d) Test data and results.

(e) Letter from a registered engineer registered in the state of the product manufacturer or State of Florida certifying test results.

(f) Installation instructions. Installation instructions are required to be shipped with each product.

(8) All anchors, piers, and tie-down components shall be recertified when there is a a change in design or material.

(9) If the manufacturer or producer request these tests to be conducted out of state, all expenses (travel and per diem) shall be paid be the manufacturer or producer.

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.824(1), 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History – New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0106 Pier Specifications.

(1) Each pier shall be required to withstand 2500 pounds plus a 2.5 safety factor from a vertical projection and from a horizontal projection equal to the same angle or degree of angle of the leg or support, using the same weight and safety factor. Three (3) consecutive tests must be performed without a failure. (Horizontal projection test not required on piers of less than twelve inches (12") in height including adjustment.)

(2) Piers manufactured with adjustable heights shall be tested at maximum heights. Test results shall be reported in the format shown in Example No. I.

## TEST FOR MOBILE HOME PIERS

Florida Strength Requirements: 2500 Pounds + 2.5 Safety Factor = 6250 PSF

TEST	Ι.	II.	III.	I.	II.	III.
	6250 LBS.	6250 LBS.	6250 LBS.	6250 LBS. AT	6250 LBS. AT	6250 LBS. AT
DESCRIPTION	HEAD	HEAD	HEAD	DEGREE OF	DEGREE OF	DEGREE OF
AND/OR	EXTENDED	EXTENDED	EXTENDED	LEG ANGLE	LEG ANGLE	LEG ANGLE
MODEL#	2" UP	2" UP	2" UP			
				-		
1						

MANUFACTURER:\_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS:\_\_\_\_\_

DATE TESTED:

LOCATION & TESTING DEVICE:

TESTING FIRM:\_\_\_\_\_

EXAMPLE NO. I

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.824(1), 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F. S. History – New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0107 Strap Test Specifications.

(1) All tie-down straps shall be tested to American Society for Testing and Materials(ASTM) D 3953-91.

(2) All tie-down straps, etc., shall be Type 1, Finish B, Grade 1, Steel Strapping 109,000 minimum yield strength, .035" minimum thickness (plus or minus .002 in. - 0.05MM), Finish B - hot-dipped galvanized zinc coating (ASTM Standard 123-89A); .60 ounces per square foot, per surface, 4750 pounds minimum break strength, marked every 12 to 15 inches (manufacturer's name and ASTM Spec. D3953-91), 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" width (plus or minus .005 in. - 0.13MM), 6.6 feet per pound of strap, elongation 6.5% to 12%.

(3) All straps shall be subjected to the following test procedures: (Refer to Example No. II for the proper format to use in reporting test results.)

(a) Bend Test (5 bends).

Strap shall be bent by hand over a radius of  $\frac{1}{8}$  inch plus or minus  $\frac{1}{64}$  inch. One bend shall consist of a ninety (90) degree bend in one direction and return to the original position. Make successive bends in opposite directions.

(b) Breaking Test.

The crosshead speed shall be two inches (2"). The test specimen shall be six inches (6") in length between the clamps or jaws.

(c) Elongation Test.

The elongation testing shall be conducted on the six inch (6") length of strap exposed between the jaws. Two (2) measurements for elongation shall be recorded at four thousand seven hundred twenty-five (4,725) pounds then test shall be continued to strap failure and elongation recorded.

(d) Hardness Test or Military Specification listing the properties.

(4) Strap Splice or Connections

(a) Strap splice shall require at least twelve inches (12") of strap overlap with two (2) seals evenly spaced. Each seal shall have two (2) crimps evenly spaced. All strap connections must be manufactured to meet minimum standards of rule 15C-1.0105 and must be approved by the department.

(b) Factory installed sidewall and centerline bracket attachments shall require at least one (1) seal with two (2) crimps or equivalent welds evenly spaced and protected with a radius clip or manufactured bent or formed radius protective tab. (Note: Bracket lacing or field threading shall not be used.

(c) Vertical and frame tie connections must be designed to swivel where attached to the mobile/manufactured home and must be connected to the home by means of grade #5 bolts with a minimum diameter of one-half inch ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ").

# TEST FOR STRAPPING

PRODUCER

TESTING LABORATORY

ADDRESS

LOAD RANGE

ADDRESS

STEEL THICKNESS	ZINC (COATING) THICKNESS	WIDTH

PERSON PERFORMING TEST

DATE OF TEST

STRAP IDENTIFICATION (LABEL)

BEND BREAK STRENGTH ELONGATION TEST TEST LENGTH LENGTH OF STRAP MAXIMUM OF STRAP PERCENT 4,725 # OF TEST SAMPLE SAMPLE EXPOSED LOAD **EXPOSED** NO. FOR TEST POUNDS FOR TEST POUNDS FAILURE BENDS FORM

COMMENTS:

TEST CONDUCTED FOR

SIGNATURE OF LABORATORY MANAGER

EXAMPLE NO. II

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History - New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0108 Anchor and Anchor Component Test Specifications.

(1) The anchor may be tested in one piece or cut in half. When the anchor is cut in half for test purposes, the top or head shall be tested with a sling around a bolt, pin, etc., or through the bolt or connection that the tie-down strap or cable is attached to when the system is installed on the mobile home. The force required shall be seven thousand one hundred twenty-five (7,125) pounds. The disc or helix shall be used in the certified test. Also, the shimming between the steel plate and the disc will assure that the hole (minimum  $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ") through the plate and disc will be vertical with the shaft or rod. Other tests that are equivalent may be used. (Refer to Example Nos. III, IV and V for the proper format to use in reporting test results.)

(2) When the anchor is tested in one piece, the head and the disc will be tested together. The test block would have a slot cut in the plate for the anchor shaft or rod to pass through to position the test block with the disc. Connection on the head would be the same as required in paragraph (1) of this rule.

(3) Anchor tensioning device test: Each different anchor model or type of tensioning device shall be tested with strap or cable connected to the anchor head connecting device. Force required shall be four thousand seven hundred twenty-five (4,725) pounds and continue to destruction or ten percent (10%) overload. (Refer to Example No. VI for the proper format to use in reporting test results.)

(4) Method of testing: The tensioning device (head) shall be tested with strap or cable inserted or connected to the device or head in the same manner as required to connect or attach when installed on the mobile/manufactured home or park trailer. Bolt(s) used in the test shall be

identified and listed as a part of the approved anchor assembly. No devices shall be used in the test that are not regularly furnished and required to be used with the anchor and component field installation. (Examples: clips, wedges, pins or other required accessories.)

(5) All field tests shall be performed in the lower fifty percent (50%) of the soil class.

(6) Anchor and stabilizer holding power for Type 4(a) Soil shall require a minimum of four thousand seven hundred twenty-five (4,725) pounds in each direction. Anchor and stabilizer for Type 4(b) Soil shall require a minimum of six thousand (6,000) pounds in the vertical direction and four thousand seven hundred twenty-five (4,725) pounds in a forty-five (45) degree horizontal direction. Over two inches (2") of uplift or three inches (3") of side deflection shall be recorded as failure. (Refer to Example Nos. VII and VIII for the proper format to use in reporting test results.)

(7) Required Test Report: Each different type or model design must be field tested for holding power by an independent testing laboratory and certified by an engineer registered in the State of Florida. All field tests shall be conducted in the State of Florida. The lab report shall show the following:

- (a) Model tested as described by engineering drawings.
- (b) Method of installation.
- (c) Date of installation.
- (d) Date of pull-out test.

(e) Soil profile description for each type soil in which anchor is tested and listed to be installed according to the soil classification chart printed herein.

(f) Location of field test.

(g) Test equipment used.

(h) Pounds of force exerted and resultant vertical and horizontal movement in inches for

the anchor and stabilizer.

(i) Description of stabilizer used in each auger anchor field test, including stabilizer

manufacturer.

	Types of Soils	Blow Count (ASTM D1586)	Test Probe <sup>1</sup> Torque Value <sup>2</sup>
1	Hard rock	NA	NA
2 (a)	Very-dense &/or cemented sands, coarse gravel & cobbles, pre-loaded silts, & clays	40-up	more than 550 lbs. inch
(b)	Corals	40-up	more than 550 lbs. inch
3	Medium-dense coarse sands, sandy gravels, very-stiff silts & clays	24-39	350 to 550 lbs. inch
4 (a)	Loose to medium dense sands, firm to still clays, & silts, alluvium fill	18-23	276 to -350 lbs. inch
(b)	Very loose to medium dense sands, firm to still clays & silts, alluvium fill	12-17 <sup>3</sup>	175 to 275 <sup>3</sup> lbs. inch

## SOIL CLASSIFICATION

5 Concrete slab

Tensioning devices for use in concrete pad, runner, etc., shall be tested (same as anchors) and specifications as to PSI and cure time of concrete, reinforcement, size and thickness of concrete, size and depth of bolt hole, type and kind of shield if permissible. Minimum distance at which tensioning device can be installed from edge or end of slab, pad, runner, etc., shall be specified. Instructions shipped with each tensioning device shall include the above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The test probe is a device for measuring the torque value of soils to assist in evaluating the holding capability of the soils in which the anchor is placed. The test probe has a helix on it. The overall length of the helical section is 10.75 inches; the major diameter is 1.25 inches; the minor diameter is 0.81 inches; the pitch 1.75 inches. The shaft must be of suitable length for anchor depth.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Å measure synonymous with moment of a force when distributed around the shaft of the test probe.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Below these values, a professional engineer should be consulted or additional anchors added.

# TEST FOR WELDS AT THE HEAD

ANCHOR MANUFACTURER

## TESTING LABORATORY

ADDRESS

ADDRESS

MODEL #

PERSON PERFORMING TEST

DESCRIPTION OF ANCHOR

HOLD	POUNDS					
TIME	OF FORCE	TEST 1	TEST 2	TEST 3		
Preload	1.000					
Preload	1,000					
5 sec.	1,500					
5 sec.	2,000					
5 sec.	2,500					
5 sec.	3,000					
5 sec.	3,500					
5 sec.	4,000					
5 sec.	4,500					
5 sec.	5,000					
5 sec.	5,500					
5 sec.	6,000					
5 sec.	6,500					
5 sec.	7,000					
5 sec.	7,125					
10% over- load	7,838					
MAXIMUM I	LOAD					
			1	1	1	1

DATE PULLED			
COMMENTS:		EXAM	PLE NO. III

## TEST FOR DISC OR COMPLETE ANCHOR

ANCHOR MANUFACTURER

## TESTING LABORATORY

ADDRESS

ADDRESS

MODEL #

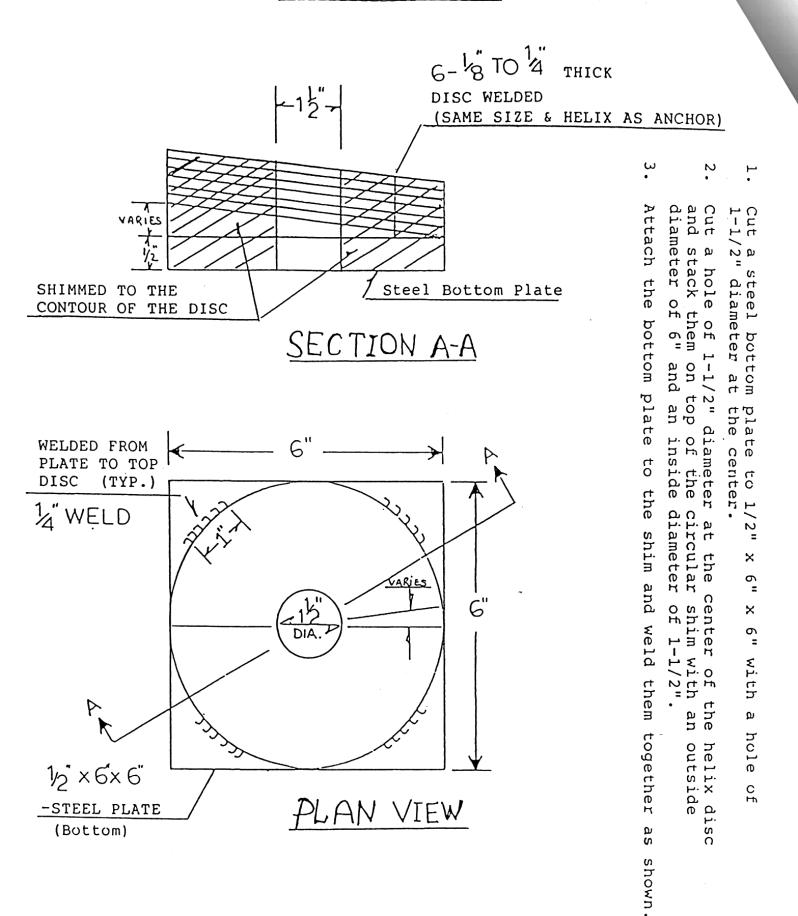
PERSON PERFORMING TEST

DESCRIPTION OF ANCHOR

HOLD	POUNDS					
TIME	OF FORCE	TEST 1	TEST 2	TEST 3		
Preload	1,000					
5 sec.	1,500					
5 sec.	2,000					
5 sec.	2,500					
5 sec.	3,000					
5 sec.	3,500					
5 sec.	4,000					
5 sec.	4,500					
5 sec.	5,000					
5 sec.	5,500					
5 sec.	6,000					
5 sec.	6,500					
5 sec.	7,000					
5 sec.	7,125					
10% over- load	7,838					
MAXIMUM	LOAD					
				1	1	1

DATE PULLED			
COMMENTS:		EXAMPLE	E NO. IV

### ANCHOR DISC TEST BLOCK



# TEST FOR TENSIONING DEVICE

ANCHOR MANUFACTURER

ADDRESS

TESTING LABORATORY

ADDRESS

MODEL #

PERSON PERFORMING TEST

DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

HOLD	POUNDS				
TIME	OF FORCE	TEST 1	TEST 2	TEST 3	
Dualaad	1 000				
Preload	1,000				
5 sec.	1,500				
5 sec.	2,000				
5 sec.	2,500				
5 sec.	3,000				
5 sec.	3,500				
5 sec.	4,000				
5 sec.	4,500				
5 sec.	4,725				
10% over-					
load	5,198				
MAXIMUM I	LOAD				

DATE PULLED

COMMENTS:

EXAMPLE NO. VI

## ANCHOR FIELD TEST

## ANCHOR MANUFACTURER

ADDRESS

MODEL #

TESTING LABORATORY

ADDRESS

CLASS OF SOIL

## DESCRIPTION OF ANCHOR

DIMENSION AND DESCRIPTION OF STABILIZER PLATE AND MANUFACTURER'S NAME

		TEST 1		TEST 2		TEST 3	
HOLD	POUNDS	2"	3"	2"	3"	2"	3"
TIME	OF FORCE	UPLIFT	LATERAL	UPLIFT	LATERAL	UPLIFT	LATERAL
Preload	1,000						
5 sec.	1,500						
5 sec.	2,000						
5 sec.	2,500						
5 sec.	3,000						
5 sec.	3,500						
5 sec.	4,000						
5 sec.	4,500						
5 sec.	*4,725						
5 sec.	5,000						
10% over- load	*5,200						
5 sec.	5,500						
5 sec.	6,000						
10% over- load	6,600						
MAXIMUM	LOAD						

\*Denotes testing for 4,725 pound anchor

DATE OF INSTALLATION			
DATE PULLED			

COMMENTS:

EXAMPLE NO. VII

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History - New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0109 Manufacturer Quality Assurance Program and Monitoring.

(1) It is the manufacturer's responsibility to maintain a reliable quality control program which includes inspection of incoming material, control of manufacturing methods, visual inspection of each manufactured anchor or component, and the periodic testing requiring ninety-five percent (95%) to ninety-eight percent (98%) compliance of the finished products.

(2) In-house sample testing of at least two (2) different anchors and/or components shall be conducted at monthly intervals. A schedule shall be set-up to assure that all listed products are tested. A copy of the test results shall be mailed to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, Division of Motor Vehicles, Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction. This sampling is based upon a random sample selection of anchors and components for testing. A random sample is defined as a sampling procedure which avoids systematic choice, conscious or subconscious by the manufacturer. An important part of the quality assurance program shall show that the manufacturer is maintaining the quality level established by this program and according to the specifications as required by the applicable rules of Chapter 15C-1, F.A.C.

(3) The Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction shall periodically pick up a random sample of each anchor manufacturer's anchors and/or components for random testing. If failure occurs, the manufacturer shall be notified and given the option to provide testing of three (3) additional samples or the product shall be removed from the approved list and from sale in the State of Florida. This product shall be redesigned with a new model number including complete testing and listing for sale in Florida.

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12), 320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History – New 1-10-94, Amended 10-02-95.

15C-1.0110 Rule Review. The Department shall periodically review rules 15C-1.0101 through 15C-1.0110, and promulgate any amendments to said rules. The first such review will begin January 1, 1997, and shall be repeated at three year intervals thereafter.

Specific Authority 320.011, 320.8325(2), F.S. Law Implemented 320.77(10), 320.822(12),

320.8285, 320.8325, 320.835(2), F.S. History – New 1-10-94.

## Amended 3/31/99

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#### CHAPTER 15C-2

#### RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR BUREAU OF MOBILE HOME AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLE CONSTRUCTION

15C-2.001	Manufacturer and Dealer Licensing (Repealed)
15C-2.002	Code Seal or Label
15C-2.003	Fees for Mobile/Manufactured Home Code Seals, Labels and Inspections
15C-2.004	New Duplex Mobile Homes
15C-2.0041	Van Conversions (Repealed)
15C-2.005	Red Tagging of New Mobile/Manufactured Homes
15C-2.0071	Duplex Mobile Home and Park Trailer Setup
15C-2.0072	Setup Operation by Licensed Dealers, Manufacturers and Installers
15C-2.0073	Installer Licensing Procedures and Requirements
15C-2.0081	Mobile/Manufactured Home Repair and Remodeling Code
15C-2.009	General (Repealed)
15C-2.010	Forms (Repealed)
15C-2.011	Wheels, Axles and Drawbar

#### 15C-2.001 Manufacturer and Dealer Licensing.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011, 320.824 FS. Law Implemented 320.8225, 320.827, 320.77 FS. History–New 1-25-75, Amended 9-11-78, Formerly 15C-2.01, Amended 12-10-92, 4-8-99, Repealed 8-5-12.

#### 15C-2.002 Code Seal or Label.

(1) Duplex mobile home seals and HUD labels shall be used in sequence and reported to the Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction Central Office, Neil Kirkman Building, Tallahassee, Florida, on monthly forms; HSMV 81304, Manufacturer's Monthly Standards Code Seal Report For Duplex Mobile Homes, revised 10/86; and NCSBCS-302, HUD Manufactured Home Monthly Production Report, revised 12/95, as incorporated by reference. The above forms may be obtained without cost by contacting the Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 2900 Apalachee Parkway, MS #66, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0640. When the required appropriate form has not been returned to the Central Office by the 10th of the following month, showing the inventory and reporting the requested information on seal or label assignments, no Florida seals or HUD labels will be issued.

(2) It will be the responsibility of the mobile/manufactured home manufacturer to affix the appropriate seal or label to all new units, prior to the unit being shipped from the factory location.

(3) It will be the responsibility of the mobile/manufactured home dealer to verify that the label is affixed on all new mobile/ manufactured homes prior to offering the units for sale to the public.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.8255, 320.8256, 320.827 FS. History–New 1-25-75, Amended 2-25-76, 9-11-78, Formerly 15C-2.02, Amended 1-1-90, 12-10-92, 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.003 Fees for Mobile/Manufactured Home Code Seals, Labels and Inspections.

#### (1) MOBILE HOME DUPLEX SEAL.

A fee of twenty dollars (\$20.00) shall be paid to the Division of Motorist Services for each duplex mobile home seal issued to any mobile home manufacturer.

#### (2) REPLACEMENT SEAL.

A fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) shall be paid to the Division of Motorist Services for each replacement seal issued to any duplex mobile home manufacturer licensed by the Division of Motorist Services. In order to obtain a replacement seal for a new duplex mobile home, proof of original assignment of a Florida seal (HSMV 81304) along with a written statement stating that the replacement seal will be affixed only to the unit described on the proof submitted shall be submitted to the Division of Motorist Services with the seal application and remittance. A replacement seal can be ordered only by the manufacturer that purchased the original seal.

NO REFUNDS WILL BE ISSUED FOR LOST OR DAMAGED FLORIDA SEALS, ONLY REPLACEMENTS AS OUTLINED ABOVE.

#### (3) HUD LABELED MANUFACTURED HOMES.

A fee of thirty-two dollars (\$32.00) shall be paid to the Division of Motorist Services for each HUD label issued to any approved mobile home manufacturer as provided in Sections 320.822 – 320.90, F.S. This fee will be in addition to any other fee required by HUD.

(4) HOURLY CHARGE FOR SERVICES OF INSPECTOR AND ENGINEER ON MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOMES DURING SPECIAL INSPECTIONS.

(a) Manufacturers or dealers shall be charged thirty dollars (\$30.00) per hour, plus mileage (state mileage rate), for special inspections made by an authorized inspector.

(b) Manufacturers or dealers shall be charged forty-five dollars (\$45.00) per hour for the service of each DMV (Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction) engineer or individual assigned to carry out engineering duties.

(c) Manufacturers or dealers shall be charged thirty dollars (\$30.00) per hour for reinspections of red tagged mobile/ manufactured homes if the violations or deviations have not been properly corrected and require more than one (1) reinspection.

(d) There shall be a minimum charge of two (2) hours for each such inspection or investigation. The time shall be accrued from the time the employee leaves his office or official headquarters until the time he returns to his office or headquarters. Travel expenses to and from the employee's official headquarters shall also be paid by the mobile/manufactured home manufacturer or mobile/manufactured home dealer.

(5) GUIDELINES FOR HOURLY RATE INSPECTIONS ON MOBILE/MANUFACTURED HOMES MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.

(a) When notice of non-compliance is written during plant inspection and repairs or corrections are not completed during normal time period of inspection, the unit will be red tagged and the hourly charge will become applicable, unless red tag is removed during the next normal inspection time or first reinspection.

(b) An hourly charge shall be assessed when the manufacturer's quality control is not functioning and continuous violations or defects occur in the production of mobile/manufactured homes in the manufacturing plant. Bureau personnel shall request an evaluation of the manufacturing plant and its personnel to determine if frequency of inspection should be increased, number of inspectors assigned to plant increased, plant approval cancelled or plant certification updated.

(6) FEES.

The Florida seal, HUD label, and hourly rate charges are based on the cost of inspection and administration; therefore, fees shall be adjusted annually September 1st, based upon cost analysis of program budgeting, pursuant to Sections 320.8255 and 320.8256, F.S.

## (7) RETURNED SEALS OR LABELS.

Upon notification that a manufacturer has permanently closed, the license shall be surrendered to the Division of Motorist Services for cancellation accompanied by all the required reports. Upon written request a refund will be granted on all unused seals or labels that are returned by the original purchaser.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.8255, 320.8256, 320.827 FS. History–New 1-25-75, Amended 2-25-76, 9-11-78, Formerly 15C-2.03, Amended 1-1-90, 12-10-92, 5-19-94, 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.004 New Duplex Mobile Homes.

(1) Duplex mobile homes produced for sale in Florida must be inspected at the manufacturing plant. Duplex mobile homes shall not be shipped from the manufacturing plant location until an appropriate Florida Code Seal has been affixed by the manufacturer, and seal validated by a Florida Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Inspector. The validation sticker may be affixed, if the duplex mobile home has reached a terminal point in the assembly line, and the Florida Code Seal has been affixed.

(2) Manufacturer's Certification. In order to assure that duplex mobile homes are built in accordance with the appropriate standard, the following information shall be submitted.

(a) Duplex mobile home manufacturers shall notify the Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction Engineering Office, Neil Kirkman Building, Tallahassee, Florida, in writing, upon receipt of an order for the construction of a duplex mobile home.

(b) The following items must be submitted by the manufacturer to the Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction, Neil Kirkman Building, Tallahassee, Florida, prior to the mobile home manufacturer beginning construction of the duplex mobile home.

1. Detailed working set of certified plans and specifications.

2. Manufacturer's procedure manual.

3. The original letter of certification bearing the engineer's seal and signature, and listing the mobile home models or systems certified, with details on all construction options.

4. Date to be manufactured.

5. Dealer's name and address.

6. Duplex mobile home identification number.

7. Approximate date of shipment to the dealer.

8. Setup and Homeowner's Manual(s).

(c) If the duplex mobile home is constructed in a plant that has current HUD approval and a Florida mobile home manufacturing license/bond, the following shall be submitted:

1. Certified floor plans for separate utility systems for each living unit.

2. 1-hour-fire-rated wall separating the living units.

3. Items number 3. through 8. listed in paragraph 15C-2.004(2)(b), F.A.C.

(d) A copy of the certified plans, specifications, procedure manual, and letter of certification shall be kept on file by the manufacturer at each plant location. No Standards Code Seals will be issued to any mobile home duplex manufacturer until plans, specifications, procedure manual, and letter of certification have been reviewed by the Division of Motorist Services. Plans, specifications, procedure manual, and letter of certification must be submitted in a format acceptable to the Division of Motorist Services.

(3) A data sheet shall be permanently affixed (glued) in the back bedroom closet of the duplex mobile home. The data sheet shall include the manufacturer's name and address, heat loss/gain or BTU Rating, and structural zone map of USA.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011, 320.824(1) FS. Law Implemented 320.823, 320.8255, 320.827 FS. History–New 1-25-75, Amended 2-25-76, 9-11-78, Formerly 15C-2.04, Amended 1-1-90, 9-24-90, 12-10-92.

#### 15C-2.0041 Van Conversions.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.822(2), 320.8256, 320.827, 320.8225 FS. History–New 12-10-92, 4-8-99, Repealed 8-5-12.

#### 15C-2.005 Red Tagging of New Mobile/Manufactured Homes.

(1) Units being offered for sale by a manufacturer or dealer not currently licensed to do business in the State may be red tagged. All units not complying with the appropriate codes as defined in Section 320.822(2), F.S., or not having an appropriate seal or label shall be red tagged. Units which have been red tagged or have had a notice of violation written listing deviations, code problems, etc., shall not be sold or offered for sale until corrections have been made and reinspection completed by a Florida Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Inspector. A unit cited with a notice of violation or red tag can only be released by a Florida Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Inspector.

(2) All units with deviations, code problems, etc., written up on a notice of violation or red tagged shall not be removed from the manufacturer's premises, dealer lot location, storage lot or location where unit is tagged or notice of violation written, without prior approval from the Division of Motorist Services (Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction). The criterion for division approval shall be that all deviations which were the basis for the notice of violation or red tag have been removed. This department must be given a minimum of three (3) days notice when the deviations have been corrected so that reinspection of these units can be scheduled.

(3) New duplex mobile homes found with deviations during plant or dealer lot inspections will not have a validation sticker affixed. In the event a unit is found with a validated seal and deviations, the validation sticker shall be invalid. These units will be red tagged with notice of violations written and shall not be sold or offered for sale until deviations have been corrected. UNITS WITH UNVALIDATED SEALS SHALL NOT BE OFFERED FOR SALE, SOLD OR MOVED FROM THE PREMISES.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.827, 320.8255, 320.8256 FS. History–New 1-25-75, Amended 2-25-76, 9-11-78, Formerly 15C-2.05, Amended 1-1-90, 12-10-92, 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.0071 Duplex Mobile Home and Park Trailer Setup.

Manufacturer shall furnish complete printed setup, blocking and anchoring instructions with each unit based on the design of the unit being sold or offered for sale in Florida.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.8231, 320.8255, 320.8256 FS. History-New 1-1-90, Amended 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.0072 Setup Operation by Licensed Dealers, Manufacturers and Installers.

(1) Mobile/manufactured home dealers, manufacturers and installers licensed by the department are authorized to acquire local building permits and may subcontract with licensed installers and/or licensed subcontractors to perform any portion of the installation which renders the home fit for habitation. Mobile/manufactured home dealers, manufacturers and installers, who have met the requirements of Section 320.8249, F.S., may perform setup operations as prescribed in Section 320.822(14), F.S. Florida licensed manufacturers and dealers are not required to acquire local building permits to perform warranty service.

(2) Prior to a mobile/manufactured home or park trailer being moved to the site for setup, the installer, dealer or manufacturer shall assure that the necessary permits have been obtained from the local building department and that the state installation decal required by Section 320.8249(14), F.S., is affixed to the mobile/manufactured home.

(3) Setup operation of new mobile/manufactured homes and park trailers shall be performed in compliance with the installation instructions which are required to be provided by the manufacturer with each mobile/manufactured home and park trailer. Installation standards for used mobile/manufactured homes and park trailers shall be in compliance with the manufacturer's installation instructions if available. If not available, used mobile/manufactured homes and park trailers shall comply with the provisions of Rule 15C-1.010, F.A.C.

(4) Utility connections of a mobile/manufactured home or park trailer by the licensed installer, dealer or manufacturer shall include the following:

(a) The connection of electrical conductors between expandable or multi-wide units but not the main power source.

(b) Sewer connection drainage shall include the connecting of all drainage dropouts underneath the mobile/manufactured home or park trailer to an existing sewer tap or septic tank.

(c) Potable water connection shall include the connecting from the potable water connection on the mobile/manufactured home or park trailer to an existing water meter, water tap or other independent water supply system.

(5) All work performed at the setup site shall be inspected by the local building official, including setup operation performed by a licensed dealer, manufacturer or installer. A Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued by the local building department only after ascertaining that all work performed is in compliance with this rule and applicable codes. Violations by Florida licensed dealers, manufacturers and installers shall be reported in writing to the Division of Motorist Services. Violations shall be investigated and appropriate action taken by the department.

(6) Structural additions, including, but not limited to add-a-rooms, roof-overs, porches and carports, when attached to an existing unit shall have provisions for piers or be blocked or otherwise supported under the existing unit so that all loads are transferred directly to the ground. This requirement shall not apply if the added structure is free standing and self-supporting with only the flashing attached or if the added unit is being designed to be married to the existing unit. All additions shall be constructed in compliance with State and locally adopted building codes.

(7) Only those dealers, manufacturers and installers licensed under the provisions of this rule shall inspect blocking and tie downs on existing occupied or previously installed mobile/manufactured homes. Any changes in blocking or tie downs shall be under the guidelines specified in this rule.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011, 320.8249 FS. Law Implemented 320.822(14), 320.77, 320.8285, 320.8325 FS. History–New 5-13-93, Amended 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.0073 Installer Licensing Procedures and Requirements.

(1) Installers License Required.

No person may perform manufactured/mobile home installation unless licensed by the department pursuant to Section 320.8249, F.S., regardless of whether that person holds a local installer's license or any other local or state license.

(2) Requirements and Procedures to Obtain and Maintain a Manufactured/Mobile Home Installer License.

(a) Any person who wishes to obtain a manufactured/mobile home installer's license must comply with the requirements of Section 320.8249, F.S.

(b) A general liability insurance policy for \$100,000 and performance bond for \$5,000 are required for licensing pursuant to Section 320.8249(3), F.S., and must be maintained in full force during the licensing period.

(c) An installer's license shall not be transferable.

(d) License cancellation, revocation and reinstatement.

1. Cancellation by operation of law, failure to renew.

Any installer who has failed to submit a renewal application by October 1 shall pay a renewal application fee equal to the original application fees are not refundable.

2. Cancellation due to failure to maintain required performance bond and/or liability insurance.

If a licensed installer fails to maintain in effect the required performance bond and/or liability insurance, the license shall be revoked by the department. The license shall be reinstated by the department if certificates of insurance are submitted within 10 days of revocation provided the performance bond and/or liability insurance has been secured for the full term of the license period.

3. Revocation due to disciplinary penalty.

An installer whose license has been revoked due to disciplinary penalty may apply to the department for license reinstatement. In making the determination whether or not a revoked license will be reinstated, the department shall consider whether such installer has corrected the conditions that led to the revocation action and that such installer is capable of competently engaging in the business of mobile/manufactured home installation.

(3) Scope of Work.

(a) A licensed installer is authorized by this rule to perform all of the setup operations necessary to make a mobile/manufactured home habitable. These operations as defined in Section 320.822(14), F.S., include, but are not limited to, transporting, positioning, blocking, leveling, supporting, tying down, connecting utility systems, making minor adjustments or assembling multiple or expandable units.

(4) Direct Employees of a Licensed Installer.

A direct employee of a licensed installer working under the supervision of the licensee and within the job scope of the licensee is not required to be licensed as a mobile/manufactured home installer. The licensed installer is responsible for supervising all such employees and for the proper and competent performance of all employees working under their supervision.

(5) Employees of a Licensed Mobile/Manufactured Home Dealer or Manufacturer.

(a) An employee of record for the dealer installer or manufacturer installer is not required to be licensed as a mobile/ manufactured home installer. The dealer installer or manufacturer installer is responsible for supervising all such employees and for the proper and competent performance of all employees working under his or her supervision.

(b) Licensed mobile/manufactured home dealers and manufacturers who perform installations must submit a copy of the certificate for their employee of record who attended the 8-hour installation training course provided by this department.

(c) "Employee of record" shall mean an employee reported on the manufacturer's or dealer's federal Tax Form 941.

(6) Installation Warranty.

Each installer who installs a mobile/manufactured home shall warrant the installation and weather sealing, including sealing the bottom board of the home to prevent air infiltration of the home for a period of twelve (12) months beginning on the date of installation.

(7) Installation Decals.

Beginning October 1, 1996, all mobile/manufactured homes installed in Florida must bear an installation decal issued by the department. Persons authorized to perform mobile/manufactured home installations shall purchase installation decals from the bureau, subject to the following:

(a) Installation decals may be purchased by submitting a request on form Mobile Home Installation Decal Order Form, HSMV-81404 (effective 7/97) incorporated by reference, to:

Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Construction

Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles

2900 Apalachee Parkway - MS #66

Tallahassee, FL 32399-0640

(850)413-7600 or Fax (850)488-7053

(b) The installation decals shall be purchased for a fee of ten (\$10.00) dollars for each installation decal, the fee shall be paid to the Division of Motorist Services.

(c) Upon written request, a refund will be granted on all unused decals returned to the bureau by the original purchaser, but there

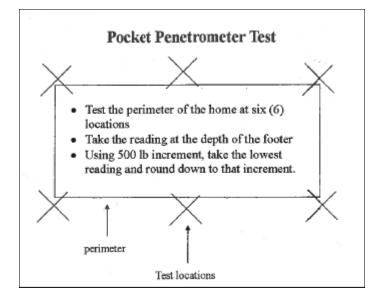
shall be no refund for decals that are reported lost or damaged.

(d) One decal must be placed on each home prior to installation.

(e) The decal shall be affixed adjacent to the HUD label on the mobile/manufactured home. If the mobile/manufactured home is a pre-HUD home, or if the HUD seal has been removed or concealed, the installation decal shall be affixed to the lower left corner at the taillight end of the mobile/manufactured home.

(8) Minimum Permitting Requirements.

A building permit issued by the local building authority must be obtained prior to the installation of any new or used mobile/ manufactured home. The building permit application shall include, but not limited to a scale drawing of all pier block locations and foundation or footer dimensions and the soil load bearing capacity at the installation site. The soil load bearing capacity can be determined by a penetrometer test performed by a licensed installer, a general soil load bearing capacity declaration by a local building official or a test performed by a geotechnical testing company. When the soil load bearing capacity is not known, pier placement shall be based on a soil load bearing capacity of 1,000 psf. (See example of pocket penetrometer test.)



Rulemaking Authority 320.8249, 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.8249 FS. History-New 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.0081 Mobile/Manufactured Home Repair and Remodeling Code.

These guidelines shall be used to assure safe and livable housing and shall not be more stringent than the standard to which the home was originally constructed.

(1) Structure.

(a) Additions, including, but not limited to add-a-rooms, roof-overs and porches shall be free standing and self-supporting with only the flashing attached to the main unit unless the added unit has been designed to be married to the existing unit. All additions shall be constructed in compliance with State and locally adopted building codes.

(b) Anchoring of additions shall be in compliance with requirements for similar type construction.

(c) Repair or remodeling of a mobile/manufactured home shall require the use of material and design equivalent to the original construction. Structure shall include, but not be limited to, roof system, walls, floor system, windows and exterior doors of the mobile/manufactured home.

(2) Electrical repair and replacements shall require the use of material and design equivalent to the original construction.

(3) Plumbing repairs and replacements shall require the use of material and design equivalent to the original construction.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011 FS. Law Implemented 320.8232, 320.8245, 320.8285 FS. History–New 1-1-90, Amended 12-10-92, 4-8-99.

#### 15C-2.009 General.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011, 320.822, 320.824 FS. Law Implemented 320.822, 320.823, 320.824 FS. History–New 1-25-75, Amended 9-11-78,

#### 15C-2.010 Forms.

Rulemaking Authority 120.53(1)(b) FS. Law Implemented 120.53(1)(b) FS. History–New 9-11-78, Formerly 15C-2.10, Amended 12-10-92, Repealed 8-5-12.

#### 15C-2.011 Wheels, Axles and Drawbar.

(1) Definitions.

(a) "Dealer" means a mobile home dealer as defined in Sections 320.77(1)(a) and 320.822(8), F.S.

(b) "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer of mobile/manufactured homes as defined in Section 320.822(9), F.S.

(c) "Mobile Home" means those dwelling units as defined in Section 320.01(2)(a), F.S.

(d) "Manufactured Home" means those dwelling units as defined in Section 320.01(2)(b), F.S.

(e) "Running Gear Assembly" means a mobile/manufactured home chassis subsystem consisting of suspension springs, drawbar, axles, bearings, wheels, hubs, tires, and brakes, with their related hardware.

(2)(a) Pursuant to Subpart J of the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards, as developed by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Sections 3280.901 – 3280.904, F.S., an integral part of a mobile home or manufactured home includes a complete running gear assembly.

(b) In order to clarify whether the assembly is included in the sale, no dealer or manufacturer shall sell or deliver a mobile/ manufactured home to a retail purchaser without disclosing whether the running gear assembly is included in the transaction. The disclosure must be in written form, such as the following:

The sale of this mobile/manufactured home, \_\_\_\_ (VIN Number), \_\_\_\_ (Year & Make), includes/excludes (strike one) the running gear assembly (suspension springs, axles, bearings, wheels, hubs, tires, brakes).

Dealer/Manufacturer

Dated

(c) The absence of a written disclosure or the failure to strike the inapplicable word (include/exclude) will be interpreted as meaning the running gear assembly was to be included in the sale. No oral agreements, whether witnessed or not, will be acceptable.

(d) A copy of the disclosure shall be maintained by the dealer or manufacturer as part of the sale records and will be subject to periodic inspection by the Department.

(3) The failure to maintain a disclosure statement or to comply with the requirements of this rule will result in disciplinary action against the dealer or manufacturer pursuant to Chapter 320, F.S.

Rulemaking Authority 320.011, 320.824(1) FS. Law Implemented 320.823, 320.822(3) FS. History–New 3-19-84, Formerly 15C-2.11, Amended 12-10-92.

Dated

Purchaser